



**PhosphoSolutions®**  
Antibodies that work™

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## Anti-GABA<sub>A</sub> Receptor, $\alpha_1$ -Subunit, N-Terminus

**Catalog Number:** 812-GA1N

**Size:** 100  $\mu$ l

**\$310.00**

**Product Description:** Affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody

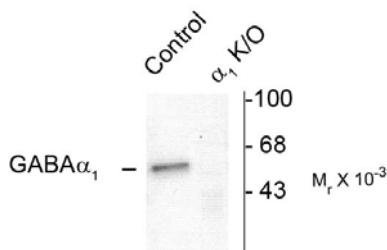
**Applications:** **WB:** 1:1000

**Antigen:** Peptide from the N-terminal region of the  $\alpha_1$ -subunit of rat GABA<sub>A</sub> receptor, conjugated to keyhole limpet hemocyanin (KLH).

**Species reactivity:** The antibody has been directly tested for reactivity in Western blots with mouse and rat tissue. It is anticipated that the antibody will react with bovine, canine, human and non-human primate tissues based on the fact that these species have 100% homology with the amino acid sequence used as antigen.

**Biological Significance:** *Gamma*-aminobutyric acid (GABA) is the primary inhibitory neurotransmitter in the central nervous system, causing a hyperpolarization of the membrane through the opening of a Cl<sup>-</sup> channel associated with the GABA<sub>A</sub> receptor (GABA<sub>A</sub>-R) subtype. GABA<sub>A</sub>-Rs are important therapeutic targets for a range of sedative, anxiolytic, and hypnotic agents and are implicated in several diseases including epilepsy, anxiety, depression, and substance abuse. The GABA<sub>A</sub>-R is a multimeric subunit complex. To date six  $\alpha$ s, four  $\beta$ s and four  $\gamma$ s, plus alternative splicing variants of some of these subunits, have been identified (Olsen and Tobin, 1990; Whiting et al., 1999; Ogris et al., 2004). Injection in oocytes or mammalian cell lines of cRNA coding for  $\alpha$ - and  $\beta$ -subunits results in the expression of functional GABA<sub>A</sub>-Rs sensitive to GABA. However, coexpression of a  $\gamma$ -subunit is required for benzo-diazepine modulation. The various effects of the benzodiazepines in brain may also be mediated via different  $\alpha$ -subunits of the receptor (McKernan et al., 2000; Mehta and Ticku, 1998; Ogris et al., 2004; Pörtl et al., 2003).

### Anti-GABA<sub>A</sub> Receptor, $\alpha_1$ -Subunit



**Western blot** of mouse forebrain lysates from Wild Type (Control) and  $\alpha_1$ -knockout ( $\alpha_1$ -K/O) animals showing specific immunolabeling of the ~51k  $\alpha_1$ -subunit of the GABA<sub>A</sub>-R. The labeling was absent from a lysate prepared from  $\alpha_1$ -knockout animals.

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**WB** = Western Blot **IF** = Immunofluorescence **IHC** = Immunohistochemistry **IP** = Immunoprecipitation

**Packaging:** 100  $\mu$ l in 10 mM HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100  $\mu$ g per ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Adequate amount of material to conduct 10-mini Western Blots.

**Storage and Stability.** For long term storage  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  is recommended. Stable at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  for at least 1 year.

**Shipment:** Domestic - Blue Ice; International - Blue Ice or Dry Ice.

**Purification Method:** Prepared from rabbit serum by affinity purification using a column to which the peptide immunogen was coupled.

**Antibody Specificity:** Specific for the ~51k  $\alpha_1$ -subunit of the GABA<sub>A</sub> receptor in Western blots of rat brain. Labeling is absent in  $\alpha_1$ -subunit knockout animals.

**Quality Control Tests:** Western blots performed on each lot.

**References:**

- McKernan RM, et al. (2000) Sedative but not anxiolytic properties of benzodiazepines are mediated by the GABA<sub>A</sub> receptor  $\alpha_1$ -subtype. *Nature Neurosci* 3:587-592.
- Mehta AK, Ticku MK (1998) Prevalence of the GABA<sub>A</sub> receptor assemblies containing  $\alpha_1$ -subunit in the rat cerebellum and cerebral cortex as determined by immunoprecipitation: Lack of modulation by chronic ethanol administration. *Mol Brain Res* 67:194-199.
- Ogris W, Pörtl A, Hauer B, Ernst M, Oberto A, Wulff P, Höger H, Wisden W, Sieghart W (2004) Affinity of various benzodiazepine site ligands in mice with a point mutation in the GABA<sub>A</sub> receptor  $\gamma_2$ -subunit. *Biochem Pharmacol* 68:1621-1629.
- Olsen RW, Tobin AJ (1990) Molecular biology of GABA<sub>A</sub> receptors. *FASEB* 4:1469-1480.
- Pörtl A, Hauer B, Fuchs K, Tretter V, Sieghart W (2003) Subunit composition and quantitative importance of GABA<sub>A</sub> receptor subtypes in the cerebellum of mouse and rat. *J Neurochem* 87:1444-1455.
- Whiting PJ, Bonnert TP, McKernan RM, Farrar S, Le Bourdellès B, Heavens RP, Smith DW, Hewson L, Rigby MR, Sirinathsinghji DJS, Thompson SA, Wafford KA (1999) Molecular and functional diversity of the expanding GABA<sub>A</sub> receptor gene family. *Ann NY Acad Sci* 868:645-653.

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